



FOR PRESIDENT,  
**LEWIS CASS of Michigan.**  
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**W. O. BUTLER of Kentucky.**  
FOR ELECTOR, SECOND DISTRICT,  
**ASA BIGGS of Martin County.**  
Election on Thursday, 1st Nov.

**TARBOROUGH:**  
**SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1848.**

FOR THE TARBORO' PRESS.

#### A DINNER

Complimentary to the Volunteers of companies A and E of the North Carolina regiment, will be given at Tarboro' on the 17th inst., by the citizens of Edgecombe county. The Volunteers are requested to appear in uniform, and the soldiers of the N. C. Regiment are invited to be present. By order of  
*Committee of Arrangements.*

#### THE ELECTION.

A letter has been received in this place from Raleigh, stating that it was pretty well ascertained that Reid was elected Governor by about 500 majority—and that the whigs will have a majority of 2 on joint ballot in the next Legislature. In 1844, Graham's majority was 3,153—and in 1846, 7,859. In the last Legislature, the whigs had a majority of 18 on joint ballot. It seems that "the work goes bravely on."

The Raleigh Standard contains the vote of 46 counties, which compared with the Governor's election in 1844, shows a clear democratic gain of about 1900 votes—also a gain of 6 members of the Legislature.

In our next paper we shall probably be enabled to give the vote in the different counties, and we hope and believe, the full details of a glorious democratic victory.

#### Gen. Taylor and his Letter of Acceptance.

On our first page the reader will find Gen. Taylor's letter of acceptance. The delay attending its reception and acknowledgment by him, in the first instance was the subject of much speculation and conjecture by the whig press, and is equally so by the democratic press since its reception. It is stated by the Union, that on the 23d July, 48 letters were received at the dead letter office, that had been returned from the Post Office at Baton Rouge, Gen. Taylor having refused to receive them. The postage on them amounted to \$7 30. Two of these letters, dated 7th and 9th June, have been shown to several members of Congress from North Carolina, who pronounce the superscription to be in the handwriting of Gov. Morehead. They were all returned unopened, by request of Gen. Taylor to Baton Rouge. The question is now earnestly pressed, why did Gen. Taylor refuse to take these letters, particularly the two sent to him from Philadelphia during the session and at the close of the Whig Convention? the only reason suggested, that it was because the postage was unpaid, is vague and preposterous. What was the reason—who can tell?

**Caution to the Soldiers.**—The Union of Tuesday last, contains the following notice from B. F. Larned, Acting Paymaster General, dated 4th inst.

"The Paymaster General is rapidly preparing rolls, and will send paymasters in to the several States, and, for the convenience of claimants, as far as practicable, to the places of company enrolment, for the payment of the three months' extra pay authorized by act of Congress of the 19th July, 1848, to all volunteers who have served in the war with Mexico, and have been honorably discharged, and to the heirs of such as have died in service.

"It is earnestly recommended to all not to sacrifice their claims, the department being determined to settle the claims with

out delay, and secure to the claimants the full benefit of the law. The regulations governing the department in the payment of this gratuity are in preparation, and will be published, and sent to the different States, for the information of all interested."

#### Congress.

In the Senate, on the 7th inst, the resolution offered some days ago by Mr. Johnson of Maryland, requesting the President of the United States to communicate to the Senate, with as little delay as possible, any information in his possession touching supposed movements on foot in this country for revolutionizing the northern States of Mexico, &c., was taken up and adopted.

In the House, on the 28th ult. the territorial (compromise) bill from the Senate was received, and laid on the table—equivalent to rejection—by a vote of 112 to 97. (Among the votes for laying it on the table, were 8 from slaveholding States, viz: Nathaniel Boyden and Richard S. Donnell, of this State, and Messrs. Pendleton of Va. Stephens of Ga. Crozier of Ten. and Adams, Buckner and Thompson of Ky. For a description of this bill and the vote on it in the Senate, see our first page.)

On Monday next, the 14th inst. this session of Congress will close, both Houses having agreed finally to adjourn on that day.

#### From the Union.

**Gen. W. O. Butler.**—We understand that this distinguished gentleman will leave Washington to-morrow, for his home in Kentucky. It was his intention to return by the way of the lakes; but the state of his health makes it desirable for him to go by the most direct route. Thus he will miss the opportunity of seeing his friends in the northern towns.

Owing to his uncertain and rapid movements since his landing at New Orleans, the letter which was addressed to him by Mr. Stevenson, the president of the Baltimore Convention, appraising him of his nomination, did not reach him until yesterday. It has certainly not been refused, and returned to the Dead Sea of the General Post Office. We understand that the correspondence will appear first in this city—perhaps to-morrow.

#### From the Fayetteville Carolinian.

Mr. Beaton Gales, son of the late editor of the Raleigh Register, has made his bow to the public as the successor of his father, in the chair editorial of that paper. With the advantages of the best education the country can afford, may we not hope that young Mr. Gales will be not only an ornament to the Press of North Carolina, but an exemplar of moderation and honor in the political discussions of the day? We sincerely hope so.

#### From the Raleigh Register.

**Superior Courts.**—If there should be no exchanges, the Fall riding will be as follows:

Edenton,	Judge Bailey,
Newbern,	" Settle,
Raleigh,	" Dick,
Hillsborough,	" Caldwell,
Wilmington,	" Pearson,
Salisbury,	" Moore,
Mountains,	" Manly.

#### From the N. O. Delta.

**Important from Mexico.**—The treaty safe—decision of the Supreme Court of Mexico.—The Monitor Republicano of the 13th inst., published at the City of Mexico, contains the document laid before the Supreme Court of that Republic by eleven Representatives in Congress, affecting and setting forth various grounds against the constitutionality of the treaty of Guadalupe. This important matter has been for some time under consideration by the Court. On the 10th inst., the Court delivered its decision, in the presence of all the high functionaries of the Government, declaring the treaty to be constitutional, and that the power of making peace, or declaring war, being vested in Congress, its jurisdiction over the subject matter was exclusive, and the States composing the Confederacy had no legal right to assume cognizance thereof. This decree annihilates the positions assumed by the opponents of the Treaty who so strenuously contended that Congress had no right to cede a portion of the Mexican soil to a foreign nation, without the consent of the State Legislatures. The Supreme Court of Mexico has decided otherwise, after

mature consideration, and the question must be considered at rest forever.

#### Foreign.

The steamship America, has arrived at New York from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 22d ult.

The America brings us one week's later intelligence from all parts of Europe; which, in the present critical state of affairs on the other side of the Atlantic, cannot be otherwise than of the greatest importance.

Affairs in Ireland on Tuesday assumed a grave aspect. Dublin, Cork, Waterford, and Drogheda were proclaimed—a proceeding which, it is stated, without handing over the people to martial law, enables the Lord Lieutenant to accomplish all the purposes of legal despotism—for the safety of the country. This indicates that, at the present moment, Ireland is in a most deplorable condition, and that every moment that passes is expected to be the signal for a conflict too sanguinary and terrific to contemplate.

France continues tranquil, and the people of Paris have called for their wonted amusements.

Abroad, things continue to wear an appearance of returning tranquillity.

No material change in the markets.

#### Washington Market, Aug. 9.

Bacon, 6 a 7 cents; Lard, 8 a 8½; Corn, \$1 55 a \$2 00; Peas, 45 a 50 cents. Naval Stores—turpentine, \$2 00 a 2 10; scrape, 90 a 95; tar, 1 40 a 1 50.

Sudden changes from very hot to chilly weather are unfavorable to health, and it is a fact universally admitted, that heat and moisture are powerful agents in producing disease, and that constant dry or constant wet weather are both favorable to its generation; it does not signify what we call it, it may be ague, it may be bilious fever, it may be yellow fever, it may be dysentery, it may be rheumatism, it may be bronchitis, it may be cholera, it may be constipation of the bowels, it may be inflammation of the stomach, it may be a nervous affection; but still it is disease, and a disease curable by the

#### Brandreth's Pills.

because they remove all impurities from the body, all that can in any manner feed the future progress of the malady, no matter how called; thus these pills are not only the most proper medicine, but generally the only medicine that need or ought to be used.

Be exceedingly afraid of COUNTERFEIT PILLS. The Agent is the only person from whom Brandreth's Pills should be purchased.

For sale by **GEO. HOWARD.**

#### Old Virginia Again.

Albemarle Co., Va., March 21, 1847.  
Mr. Seth W. Fowle, Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in stating to you my experience in the use of

**Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**  
I own a very valuable negro girl who was attacked with a difficulty of the lungs, which brought her in appearance to the brink of the grave. I consulted some of our best physicians, who pronounced her case incurable, or that they could do no more for her. I tried many remedies, but none did any good. I saw some account of Wistar's Balsam and thought I would try it, but had little faith in it. I procured a bottle, which was administered according to directions, and I saw she began to mend; and before the first bottle was gone she was up. I procured a second and she took that, and now she is, I think, cured, or nearly so. She attends to her daily labor, and I hear no complaints from her.

**R. L. JEFFERSON.**

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts on the wrapper.

For sale by Dr. A. H. Macnair, Agent for Tarboro', and by dealers in medicines generally.

#### JAYNE'S AGUE PILLS.

A speedy and permanent Cure for Fever & Ague, Intermittent Fever, &c.

In recommending these Pills to the public, the proprietor does not wish to make any unnecessary or tedious perambulation, but with full directions and a few important remarks, he will leave the medicine to speak for itself, feeling confident that its merits are such as will not fail to bring it into general use; indeed, he is so sanguine of the efficacy of these Pills, he does not hesitate to guarantee a cure in the most aggravated cases.

By following the directions closely while taking this preparation, its superior-

ity over the ordinary Tonic Mixtures, Pills, &c. &c., will be readily discovered.

Being purely vegetable, free from all foreign deleterious or mineral preparations, these Pills may be taken with the utmost safety under almost any circumstances. They strengthen the stomach, invigorate the system, and entirely prevent that languor and prostration of strength which always attends this disease.

They also possess a decided superiority over Quinine, Prussiat of Iron, Arsenic, Boneset, and the numerous other preparations usually employed in the cure of fever and ague, in being gently aperient, by this means carrying themselves off through the medium of the bowels after they have spent their medicinal powers in the stomach, thus preventing the accumulation of those unpleasant symptoms that almost universally follow the application of the aforesaid medicines, which constringe the bowels, produce congestion of the Liver, and remain in the system to brood diseases more dangerous than those they are employed to subvert.

Hence it is that those remedies in the majority of instances only, serve to suppress the disease for a short period, while the disease still in the system is brooding new evils, and soon develops itself in a more dangerous form than at first; thus the necessity of a medicine possessing the qualities of Dr. Jayne's Ague Pills, that can be applied without the fear of experiencing those evil effects before alluded to, and with a full confidence of receiving a speedy and radical cure of the disease.

These Pills are put up in vials containing from 25 to 30 Pills, and being thus excluded from the air, never deteriorate or undergo any change, and if used according to the directions, are an infallible Remedy for Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, &c.

Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by

**GEO. HOWARD.**

Tarboro', Nov. 9.

#### COMMUNICATED.

Appointments for Elder B. Cooper.

August 14th, at Upper Town Creek; 15th, at Tosnot; 16th, at White Oak; 17th, at Meadow; 18th, at Autrey's Creek.



#### MARRIED.

In Halifax county, on Tuesday evening last, Mr. Benj. W. Knight, of this county, to Miss Emeliza Bass, daughter of Mr. Turner Bass.



#### DIED.

In Stokes county, on the 15th ult. Mr. Jacob Shultz, aged 57 years.

#### Commercial Bank of Wilmington.

August 8th, 1848.

A DIVIDEND of Five per cent. on the Capital Stock, will be paid to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on the first day of September next. By order,  
**T. SAVAGE, Cashier.**  
August 9th, 1848. 33-3

#### Swift Creek Land FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale the tract of Land I formerly lived on, lying on the south side of Swift Creek, within three miles of Battle's Depot, adjoining the lands of Samuel Marshborn, Eli Cutchin & others,

Containing 409 Acres, well adapted to the culture of corn, cotton and wheat—there is

A small Dwelling house,



And good out houses, with a good well of water—and is a healthy situation. Persons wishing to buy, can view the premises and judge for themselves.

Also, one other tract, lying on the north side of Tar river, containing 60 Acres, adjoining the lands of Richard Harrison, Col. David Williams and others.

**F. H. KNIGHT.**

August 12th, 1848. 33

#### Tarboro' Academy, Female Department.

THE VACATION will begin on the 12th of August, and the duties of the School will be resumed on the 1st Monday in October, 1848.

By order of the Trustees,

**TH. R. OWEN, Prin.**  
26th July, 1848. 31-6

#### Tarboro' Male Academy.

THE VACATION in this Institution will commence on the 12th inst. and continue till first Monday of Oct. next. By order of Trustees.

**R. B. LINDSAY, Prin.**  
Tarboro', 4th August, 1848.

#### SELLING OFF.

THE Subscribers being about to dissolve their Copartnership in business, will commence offering their

Very Extensive

Stock of Goods,

AT AN ADVANCE OF

10 per cent. on Prime Cost.

Their assortment of Goods is very complete, embracing a very great variety of

Splendid Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS,

Hardware, Cutlery, China, Glass, Crockery ware, &c. &c.

All of which will be now offered to the Public at such

Exceedingly Low Prices,

As we hope may enable us to close our business speedily.

**BOWDITCH & HOWELL.**

Tarboro', July 24th, 1848. 31



#### FOR SALE,

Town lots, Nos. 13 & 24.

**J. L. BRIDGERS.**

July 20th. 30

#### DISEASES OF THE SKIN CURED.

From Mrs. Sisome, formerly Mrs. Jagges, of Phila.

Bristol, Pa., Jan. 16, 1846.

Messrs. Editors:—I write to inform you and the public, that my son was under the treatment of our family doctor for more than a year, for a very troublesome disease of the skin, without obtaining any relief. I then applied to several other physicians, who gave him so much medicine, and dieted him so low, that I thought he would die from its effects. One physician told me that it was a disease to which some families were subject, and could not be cured. Some called it scrofula, and others tetter, salt rheum, eczema, leprosy, &c. After trying every means for nearly five years without effect, I was advised to give him Dr. Jayne's Alternative. At this time he was literally sore from his head to his feet. Sometimes it would dry up and scab off, and then break out again as bad as ever, and itch and burn so intolerably as to drive him almost to distraction. He had not taken the Alternative, however, two weeks before there was a change for the better. He went to school all the time while taking the medicine, and partook of the same kind of food as the rest of the family, and ran about through thick and thin, the same as the other boys of the school, until he was perfectly cured, and became fat and hearty, and though now over five years ago, yet not a symptom of the disease has ever made its appearance. He took altogether twenty six bottles of the Alternative, and no other medicine while using it. Yours respectfully,  
**MARY ANN SISOME.**

Prepared only by Dr. D. JAYNE, Philadelphia, and sold on agency by  
**GEO. HOWARD.**  
Tarboro', Nov. 9, 1847.

#### Notice.

THE Firm of Beeman & Belcher, at Pillsboro' Pitt County, N. C. was dissolved on the 10th inst. by mutual consent. Those indebted to the said Firm will please come forward and make a settlement,—and creditors are requested to present their claims for adjustment.  
**LEWIS BELCHER.**  
30th May, 1848.

Constables' Blanks for sale, AT THIS OFFICE.